	ENGLISH ENGLISH					
YEAR LEVEL	TERM 1	TERM 2	TERM 3	TERM 4		
PREP	Enjoying our new world Learners listen to and read texts to explore predictable text structures and common visual patterns in a range of literary and non-literary texts, including fiction and non-fiction books and everyday texts.	Enjoying and retelling stories Learners will listen to and engage with a range of literary and non-literary texts with a focus on exploring how language is used to entertain through retelling events.	Interacting with others Learners listen to, view and interpret a range of multimodal texts, including poetry and rhymes, to develop an understanding of sound and letter knowledge and a range of language features.	Responding to text Learners will have multiple opportunities to read, examine and respond to literature and explore text structure and organisation. Learners will create a short imaginative multimodal text that includes illustrations.		
YEAR 1	Explaining how a story works Learners listen to, read and view a range of written picture books, including stories from Aboriginal cultures and Torres Strait Islander cultures. They retell events of a familiar story using text structure and repetition. Learners respond to imaginative stories making connections between personal experiences and the text.	Exploring characters in stories Learners listen to, read, view and interpret spoken, written and multimodal literary texts to identify some features of characters in these texts and to create character descriptions. Engaging with poetry Learners listen to, read and view a variety of poems to explore sound patterns and features of plot, character and setting. Learners recite a poem to the class.	Examining the language of communication — questioning Learners listen to, read, view and interpret texts with animal characters to explore how they reflect human qualities. Learners create an animal character to be included in a literary text, and discuss their choices in an interview. Retelling cultural stories Learners listen to, read, view and interpret picture books and stories from different cultures. They write, present and read a retelling of their favourite story to an audience of peers.	Creating digital procedural texts Learners listen to, read, view and interpret traditional and digital multimodal texts to explore the language features and text structures of procedural texts in imaginative and informative contexts.		

Reading, writing and performing poetry

Learners read and listen to a range of poems to create a poetry innovation. Learners present their poem or rhyme to a familiar audience and explain their preference for aspects of poems.

YFAR 2

Stories of families and friends

Learners explore texts to analyse how stories convey a message about issues that relate to families and friends. Learners will write an imaginative new narrative about family relationships and/or friendships for a familiar animal character.

Exploring characters

Learners read, view and listen to a variety of literary texts to explore how characters are represented in print and images. Learners identify character qualities in texts. They compare how similar characters are depicted in two literary texts and write a text expressing a preference for one character, giving reasons.

Exploring procedural text

Learners listen to, read and view a range of literary imaginative texts that contain certain structural elements and language features that reflect an informative text. Learners create, rehearse and present a procedure in front of their peers.

Exploring informative texts

Learners read, view and listen to a range of texts to comprehend and compare the text structures and language features of imaginative and informative texts. Learners create an informative text with a supporting image.

Exploring plot and characterisation in stories

Learners explore a variety of stories in picture books and from other cultures to explore how stories use plot and characterisation to entertain and engage an audience. Learners create a written imaginative event to be added to a familiar narrative, with appropriate images that match the text.

Analysing and creating persuasive texts

Learners read, view and analyse persuasive texts. Learners demonstrate their understanding of persuasive texts by examining ways persuasive language features are used to influence an audience. They use this language to create their own persuasive texts.

Investigating characters

Learners listen to, view and read a novel to explore the authors' use of descriptive language in the construction of characters. They complete a reading log that analyses characters from the novel. Learners read an extract from the novel and answer questions using comprehension strategies to build literal and inferred meaning of the text. They write a short imaginative narrative based on a familiar theme.

Exploring character and setting in texts

Learners listen to, read, view and analyse informative and literary texts. They create and present a spoken procedure in the role of a character. They make inferences about characters and settings and draw connections between the text and their own experiences. Learners write a persuasive letter that links to the literary text.

Examining stories from different perspectives

Learners listen to, view, read and compare a range of stories, with a focus on different versions of the same story. They comprehend stories and create a spoken retelling of a story from a different perspective.

Examining imaginative texts

Learners listen to, read, view and interpret imaginative texts from different cultures. They comprehend the texts and explore the text structure, language choices and visual features used to suit context, purpose and audience. They create a multimodal imaginative text.

Reading, responding to and writing

Australian poetry and people's stories
Learners listen to, read, view and adapt
Australian poems. They analyse texts by
exploring the context, purpose and audience
and how language features and language
devices can be adapted to create new
meaning. Learners write and present to a
familiar audience, an adaptation of a poem,
using appropriate speaking skills. Learners
read a rhyming text and explore ways in which
the language features and devices can be
highlighted in performance through the use of
pace, pitch, tone, volume and gesture.

Examining traditional stories

Learners read and analyse traditional stories from Asia and from Aboriginal peoples' and Torres Strait Islander peoples' histories and cultures. They demonstrate understanding of the stories by identifying structural and language features, finding literal and inferred meaning and explaining the message or moral. Learners plan, create and present a traditional story, which includes a moral for a younger audience.

Examining persuasion in advertisements and product packaging

Learners recognise and analyse characteristic ideas and persuasive techniques including language features and devices, audio effects and visual composition in advertisements and their impact on the target audience. Learners use appropriate metalanguage to describe the effects of persuasive techniques used on a breakfast cereal package and report these to peers.

Exploring recounts set in the past

Learners listen to, read and explore a variety of historical texts including historical and literary recounts written from different people's perspectives. Learners answer questions about different historical texts and present an account of events in the role of a person who was present at the arrival of the First Fleet.

Examining humour in poetry

Learners read and listen to a range of humorous poems by different authors. They identify structural features and poetic language devices in humorous poetry. They use this knowledge to innovate on poems and evaluate the poems by expressing a personal viewpoint using evidence from the poem.

Exploring a guest novel

Learners read and analyse a quest novel.

Throughout the unit, learners are monitored as they post comments and respond to others' comments in a discussion board to demonstrate understanding of the quest novel.

Learners also write a short response explaining how the author represents the main character in an important event in the quest novel.

Examining and creating fantasy texts

Learners listen to, read and interpret a novel from the fantasy genre showing understanding of character development in relation to plot and setting. They demonstrate the ability to analyse the development of a main character through a written response. They create the first chapter of a fantasy novel, depicting contrasting fantasy characters in relation to setting and plot.

Examining media texts

Learners listen to, read, view and interpret a range of news articles and reports from journals and newspapers to respond to viewpoints portrayed in media texts. Learners apply comprehension strategies, focusing on particular viewpoints portrayed in a range of media texts. They create a digital, multimodal feature article, including written and visual elements, from a particular viewpoint.

Examining characters in animated film

Learners listen to, read, view and interpret a range of multimodal texts including comics, cartoons and animations. They produce a digital multimodal short story exploring a character's behaviour when faced with an ethical dilemma.

Appreciating poetry

Learners listen to, read and view a range of poetry, including anthems, odes and other lyric poems from different contexts. They will interpret and evaluate poems, analysing how text structures and language features have been constructed by the poet, for specific purposes and effects.

Responding to poetry

Learners listen to, read and view a range of poetry, including narrative poems, to create a transformation of a narrative poem to a digital multimodal narrative

Exploring narrative through novels and film

Learners listen to, read and view films and novels with a range of characters and involving flashbacks or shifts in time. They demonstrate understanding of the depiction of characters, setting and events in a chosen film. They create a written comparison of a novel and the film adaptation. Learners express and justify opinions about aspects of the novels and films during group discussions.

Short stories

Learners listen to and read short stories by different authors. They investigate the ways authors use text structure, language features and strategies to create humorous effects.

Learners complete a comprehension task about a particular short story and other short stories they have read. They write a short story about a character that faces a conflict.

Learners also reflect on the writing process when making and explaining editorial choices

Examining advertising in the media

Learners read, view and listen to advertisements in print and digital media. They understand how language and text features can be combined for persuasive effect. They demonstrate their understanding of advertising texts' persuasive features through the creation of their own digital multimodal advertisement and an explanation of creative choices.

Exploring news reports in the media

Learners listen to, read and view a variety of news reports from television, radio and the internet. Learners identify and analyse bias in media reports. They evaluate the effectiveness of language devices that represent ideas and events with the intent to influence an audience. They create a written response to a news report.

Interpreting literary texts

Learners listen to, read and view extracts from literary texts set in earlier times. They demonstrate their understanding of how the events and characters are created within historical contexts. They create a literary text that establishes time and place for the reader and explores personal experiences.

Comparing texts

Learners listen to, read, view and analyse literary and informative texts on the same topic. Learners explore and evaluate how topics and messages are conveyed through both literary (imaginative) and informative texts, including digital texts. Learners identify the author's purpose and analyse similarities and differences in texts. They compare and analyse the effectiveness of each text in its ability to deliver a message. They write arguments persuading others to a particular point of view using specific structural and language features studied during the unit.

Learners transform an informative text into a literary text for younger audiences.

Exploring literary texts by the same author

Learners listen to and read novels by the same author to identify language choices and author strategies used to influence the reader. They compare two novels by the same author to identify aspects of author style. Learners prepare a response analysing author style in the novel, and participate in a panel discussion.

	MATHS				
YEAR LEVEL	TERM 1	TERM 2	TERM 3	TERM 4	
PREP	Unit 1 Engage in activities across the five contexts of learning — focused teaching & learning, investigations, active learning, real-life situations, routines & transitions. Learners have opportunities to develop understandings of: Ind place value and algebra ts of measurement and transformation	Unit 2 Engage in activities across the five contexts of learning — focused teaching & learning, investigations, active learning, real-life situations, routines & transitions. Learners have opportunities to develop understandings of: Number and place value Patterns and algebra Using units of measurement Shape Location and transformation	Unit 3 Engage in activities across the five contexts of learning — focused teaching & learning, investigations, active learning, real-life situations, routines & transitions. Learners have opportunities to develop understandings of: Number and place value Patterns and algebra Using units of measurement Data representation and interpretation	Unit 4 Engage in activities across the five contexts of learning — focused teaching & learning, investigations, active learning, real-life situations, routines & transitions. Learners have opportunities to develop understandings of: Number and place value Using units of measurement Location and transformation	
YEAR 1	Unit 1 Learners develop understandings of: Number and place value Using units of measurement Chance Data representation and interpretation	Unit 2 Learners develop understandings of: Number and place value Using units of measurement Fractions and decimals Money and financial mathematics Patterns and algebra Shape Location and transformation	Unit 3 Learners develop understandings of: Number and place value Using units of measurement Money and financial mathematics Patterns and algebra Shape Location and transformation	Unit 4 Learners develop understandings of: Number and place value Chance Fractions and decimals Patterns and algebra Data representation and interpretation	

YEAR 2	Unit 1 Learners develop understandings of: Number and place value Using units of measurement Chance Data representation and interpretation	Unit 2 Learners develop understandings of: Number and place value Fractions and decimals Using units of measurement Patterns and algebra Money and financial mathematics Shape Location and transformation	Unit 3 Learners develop understandings of: Number and place value Fractions and decimals Using units of measurement Money and financial mathematics Location and transformation	Unit 4 Learners develop understandings of: Number and place value Fractions and decimals Using units of measurement Patterns and algebra Chance Data representation and interpretation Shape Location and transformation
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	Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
	Learners develop understandings of:	Learners develop understandings of:	Learners develop understandings of:	Learners develop understandings of:
YEAR 3	 Number and place value Using units of measurement Chance Data representation and interpretation 	 Number and place value Fractions and decimals Money and financial mathematics Patterns and algebra Shape Location and transformation Geometric reasoning 	 Number and place value Using units of measurement Fractions and decimals Money and financial mathematics Patterns and algebra Location and transformation 	 Number and place value Using units of measurement Fractions and decimals Chance Data representation and interpretation Money and financial mathematics Shape Location and transformation Geometric reasoning
YEAR 4	Unit 1 Learners develop understandings of: Number and place value Fractions and decimals Patterns and algebra Using units of measurement Chance Data representation and interpretation	Unit 2 Learners develop understandings of: Number and place value Fractions and decimals Money and financial mathematics Shape Location and transformation Geometric reasoning	Unit 3 Learners develop understandings of: Number and place value Fractions and decimals Patterns and algebra Using units of measurement Money and financial mathematics Shape Location and transformation	Unit 4 Learners develop understandings of: Number and place value Fractions and decimals Patterns and algebra Using units of measurement Data representation and interpretation Money and financial mathematics Shape
YEAR 5	Unit 1 Learners develop understandings of: Number and place value Fractions and decimals Using units of measurement Chance Data representation and interpretation	Unit 2 Learners develop understandings of: Number and place value Fractions and decimals Data representation and interpretation Patterns and algebra Shape Location and transformation Geometric reasoning	Unit 3 Learners develop understandings of: Number and place value Fractions and decimals Using units of measurement Patterns and algebra Location and transformation Money and financial mathematics	Unit 4 Learners develop understandings of: Number and place value Fractions and decimals Using units of measurement Chance Data representation and interpretation Location and transformation Geometric reasoning

				Money and financial mathematics
	Unit 1 Learners develop understandings of:	Unit 2 Learners develop understandings of:	Unit 3 Learners develop understandings of:	Unit 4 Learners develop understandings of:
YEAR 6	 Number and place value Fractions and decimals Money and financial mathematics Using units of measurement Chance Data representation and interpretation 	 Number and place value Fractions and decimals Patterns and algebra Using units of measurement Shape Geometric reasoning 	 Number and place value Fractions and decimals Patterns and algebra Money and financial mathematics Using units of measurement Location and transformation 	 Number and place value Fractions and decimals Patterns and algebra Chance Data representation and interpretation Geometric reasoning Location and transformation

	SCIENCE					
YEAR LEVEL	TERM 1	TERM 2	TERM 3	TERM 4		
PREP	Our living world Learners use their senses to observe the needs of living things, both animals and plants. They begin to understand that observing is an important part of science and that scientists discuss and record their observations. Learners learn that the survival of all living things is reliant on basic needs being met, and there are consequences when needs are not met. They analyse different types of environments and how each provides for the needs of living things. Learners consider the impact of human activity and natural events on basic needs. They share ideas about how they can support and protect living things in the school grounds.	Weather watch Learners use their senses to explore and observe the weather in their local environment and learn that we can record our observations using symbols. Learners observe that weather can change and identify the features that reflect a change in the weather. They are given opportunities to reflect on the impact of these changes on themselves, in particular on clothing, shelter and activities, through various cultural perspectives. They begin to realise that weather conditions are not the same for everyone. Learners also learn about the impact of daily and seasonal changes on plants and animals. Throughout the unit learners reflect on how the weather affects living things and have opportunities to communicate their observations about the	Our material world Learners examine familiar objects using their senses and understand that objects are made of materials that have observable properties. Through exploration, investigation and discussion, learners learn how to describe the properties of the materials from which objects are made and how to pose science questions. Learners observe and analyse the reciprocal connection between properties of materials, objects and their uses so that they recognise the scientific decision making that occurs in everyday life. Learners conduct investigations to determine suitability of materials for a particular purpose and share their ideas and observations using scientific language and representations	Move it, move it Learners engage in activities from the five contexts of learning: Play, Real-life situations, Investigations, Routines and transitions, and Focused learning and teaching. Learners use their senses to observe and explore the properties and movement of objects. They recognise that science involves exploring and observing using the senses. Learners engage in hands on investigations and respond to questions about the factors that influence movement. They share and reflect on observations and ideas and represent what they observe. Learners have the opportunity to apply and explain knowledge of movement in a familiar situation.		
		weather.				

Living adventure

Learners make links between external features of living things and the environments in which they live. They consider how the needs of living things are met in a variety of habitats. They compare differences between healthy and unhealthy habitats, and suggest how changes to habitats can affect how the needs of living things are met. Learners understand that science helps people care for environments and living things and they use science knowledge to recommend changes to improve habitats and care for the environment. They share observations using scientific and everyday language.

Material madness

Learners explore how everyday materials can be physically changed in a variety of ways according to their properties. They describe the actions used to physically change materials to make objects for different purposes, understanding that science involves asking questions about and describing changes to objects that are used in their everyday lives. Learners respond to questions, make predictions and participate in guided investigations exploring the effects of making physical changes to materials and objects.

They use a range of methods to sort information and collect and record observations, comparing them with the observations of others. They modify a material for a given purpose, test their modifications and compare their observations with predictions.

Changes around me

Learners describe the observable features of a variety of landscapes and skies. They consider changes in the sky and landscape and the impact of these changes on themselves and other living things. Learners represent observable features and share ideas with others about changes in the sky and landscapes and how they affect everyday life.

Light and sound

Learners explore sources of light and sound. They manipulate materials to observe how light and sound are produced, and how changes can be made to light and sound effects. They examine how light and sound are and ask questions. They make predictions and share observations, comparing their observations with predictions and with each other. They sort observations and represent and communicate useful in everyday life. They respond to their understandings in a variety of ways.

Mix. make and use

YFAR 2

Learners investigate combinations of different materials and give reasons for the selection of particular materials according to their properties and purpose. Learners understand that science involves asking questions about, and describing changes to, familiar objects and materials. They describe changes made to materials when combining them to make an object that has a purpose in everyday life.

Learners pose questions, make predictions and follow instructions to record observations in a guided investigation. They represent and communicate their observations using scientific language.

Toy factory

Learners understand how a push or pull affects how an object moves or changes shape. They understand that science involves asking questions about and describing changes in the way an object moves or can be moved and how this knowledge is used in their daily lives. They pose questions and make predictions about changes that can affect how an object moves, and investigate and explain how pushes and pulls cause movement in objects, comparing their observations with predictions. They use informal measurements to make and compare observations about movement and sort information about the way tovs move. They then apply this science knowledge in explaining how pushes and pulls can be used to change the movement of a toy or object they create.

Good to grow

Learners examine how living things, including plants and animals, change as they grow.

They ask questions about, investigate and compare the changes that occur to different living things during their life stages. Learners consider how Aboriginal peoples and Torres Strait Islander peoples living a traditional lifestyle use the knowledge of life stages of animals and plants in their everyday lives.

They conduct investigations including exploring the growth and life stages of a class animal and plant. Learners respond to questions, make predictions, use informal measurements, sort information, compare observations, and represent and communicate observations and ideas.

Save planet Earth

Learners investigate Earth's resources. They describe how Earth's resources are used and the importance of conserving resources for the future of all living things. They use informal measurements to record observations from experiments.

Learners use their science knowledge of conservation to propose and explain actions that can be taken to conserve Earth's resources, and decisions they can make in their everyday lives. Learners share their ideas about conservation of Earth's resources in a presentation. Learners learn how Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander peoples use their knowledge of conservation in their everyday lives.

Is it livina?

Learners learn about grouping living things based on observable features and that living things can be distinguished from non-living things. They justify sorting living things into common animal and plant groups based on observable features. They also explore grouping familiar things into living, non-living. once living things and products of living things. Learners understand that science knowledge helps people to understand the effect of actions. They use their experiences to identify questions that can be investigated scientifically and make predictions about scientific investigations. Learners identify and use safe practices to make scientific observations and record data about living and non-living things. Learners use scientific language and representations to communicate their observations, ideas and findings.

Spinning Earth

Learners use their understanding of the movement of Earth to suggest explanations for everyday observations such as day and night, sunrise and sunset and shadows. They identify the observable and non-observable features of Earth and compare its size with the sun and moon. They make observations of the changes in sunlight throughout the day and investigate how Earth's movement causes these changes. Learners plan and conduct an investigation about shadows and collect data safely using appropriate equipment to record formal measurements. Learners represent their data in tables and simple column graphs to identify patterns and explain their results.

They identify how Aboriginal peoples use knowledge of Earth's movement in their traditional lives. Learners explore the relationship between the sun and Earth to identify where people use science knowledge in their lives. They create a presentation to communicate their understandings and findings about the regular changes on Earth and its rotation.

Hot stuff

Learners investigate how heat energy is produced and the behaviour of heat when it transfers from one object or area to another. They explore how heat can be observed by touch and that formal measurements of the amount of heat (temperature) can be taken using a thermometer. Learners identify that heat energy transfers from warmer areas to cooler areas. They use their experiences to identify questions about heat energy and make predictions about investigations.

Learners describe how they can use science investigations to respond to questions.

Learners plan and conduct investigations about heat and heat energy transfer and collect and record observations, using appropriate equipment to record measurements. They represent their data in tables and simple column graphs, to identify patterns, explain their results and describe how safety and fairness were considered in their investigations.

What's the matter?

Learners understand how a change of state between solid and liquid can be caused by adding or removing heat. They explore the properties of liquids and solids and understand how to identify an object as a solid or a liquid. Learners identify how science is involved in making decisions and how it helps people to understand the effect of their actions. They evaluate how adding or removing heat affects materials used in everyday life. They conduct investigations, including identifying investigation guestions and making predictions, assessing safety, recording and analysing results, considering fairness and communicating ideas and findings. Learners describe how science investigations can be used to answer questions. They recognise that Australia's First Peoples traditionally used knowledge of solids and liquids in their everyday

Here today, gone tomorrow

In this unit learners will explore natural processes and human activity that cause weathering and erosion of Earth's surface. Learners relate this to their local area, make observations and predict consequences of future occurrences and human activity. They describe situations where science understanding can influence their own and others' actions. They identify questions and make predictions based on prior knowledge. They safely use equipment and make and record observations with accuracy. They suggest explanations for their observations. compare their findings with their predictions and communicate their observations and findings.

Ready, set, grow!

Learners investigate life cycles and sequence key stages in the life cycles of plants and animals. They examine relationships between living things and their dependence on each other and on the environment. By considering human and natural changes to the habitats. learners will predict the effect of these changes on living things, including the impact on life cycles and the survival of the species. They identify when science is used to understand the effect of their own and others actions. They identify investigable guestions and make predictions based on prior knowledge. They discuss ways to conduct investigations safely and make and record observations with accuracy. They use tables and column graphs to organise their data, suggest explanations for observations and compare their findings with their predictions. They communicate their observations and findings.

Fast forces!

Learners use games to investigate and demonstrate the direction of forces and the effect of contact and non-contact forces on objects. They use their knowledge of forces to make predictions about games and complete games safely in order to collect data. They use tables and column graphs to organise data and identify patterns so that findings can be communicated. They identify how science knowledge of forces helps people understand the effects of their actions.

Material use

They investigate physical properties of materials and consider how these properties influence the selection of materials for particular purposes. They consider how science involves making predictions and how science knowledge helps people to understand the effect of their actions.

They make predictions and use appropriate materials and equipment safely to make and record observations when conducting investigations. They represent data, identify patterns in their results, suggest explanations for their results, compare their results with their predictions, and reflect upon the fairness of their investigations. They complete simple reports to communicate their findings.

Matter matters

Learners broaden their classification of matter to include gases and begin to see how matter structures the world around them. They understand that solids, liquids and gases have some shared and some distinct observable properties and can behave in different ways. Learners pose questions, make predictions and plan investigation methods into the observable properties and behaviours of solids, liquids and gases. They represent data and observations in tables and graphs. They identify patterns and relationships in data and compare patterns with their predictions when suggesting explanations. They suggest ways to improve fairness and accuracy of their investigation.

Our place in the solar system

Learners describe the key features of our solar system including planets and stars. They discuss scientific developments that have affected people's lives and describe details of contributions to our knowledge of the solar system from a range of people. With guidance, learners will pose questions, plan and conduct investigations to answer questions and solve problems. They decide on variables to change and measure to conduct fair tests. Learners communicate their ideas in a variety of multimodal texts including recording in data sheets and as a report for popular media.

Now you see it

Learners investigate the properties of light and the formation of shadows. They investigate reflection angles, how refraction affects our perceptions of an object's location, how filters absorb light and affect how we perceive the colour of objects, and the relationship between light source distance and shadow height. They plan investigations including posing questions. making predictions, and following and developing methods. They analyse and represent data and communicate findings using a range of text types, including reports and labelled and ray diagrams. They explore the role of light in everyday objects and devices and consider how improved technology has changed devices and affected peoples' lives.

Survival in the environment

Learners analyse the structural features and behavioural adaptations that assist living things to survive in their environment. They understand that science involves using evidence and comparing data to develop explanations. Learners investigate the relationships between the factors that influence how plants and animals survive in their environments, including those that survive in extreme environments, and use this knowledge to design creatures with adaptations that are suitable for survival in prescribed environments.

Making changes

YFAR 6

Learners investigate changes that can be made to materials and how these changes are classified as reversible or irreversible. They plan investigation methods using fair testing to answer questions. Learners identify and assess risks, make observations, accurately record data and develop explanations. They suggest improvements, which can be made to their methods to improve investigations.

Learners explore the effects of reversible and irreversible changes in everyday materials and how this scientific understanding is used to solve problems that directly affect people's lives.

Energy and electricity

Learners investigate electrical circuits as a means of transferring and transforming electricity. They design and construct electrical circuits to make observations, develop explanations and perform specific tasks, using materials and equipment safely. Learners explore how energy from a variety of sources can be used to generate electricity and identify energy transformations associated with different methods of electricity production.

They identify where scientific understanding and discoveries related to the production and use of electricity have, affected people's lives. They evaluate personal and community decisions related to use of different energy sources and their sustainability.

Our changing world

Learners explore how sudden geological changes and extreme weather events can affect Earth's surface. They consider the effects of earthquakes and volcanoes on the Earth's surface and how communities are affected by these events. They gather, record and interpret data relating to weather and weather events. Learners explore the ways in which scientists are assisted by the observations of people from other cultures, including those throughout Asia. Learners construct representations of cyclones and evaluate community and personal decisions related to preparation for natural disasters.

They investigate how predictions regarding the course of tropical cyclones can be improved by gathering data.

Life on Earth

Learners explore the environmental conditions that affect the growth and survival of living things. They use simulations to plan and conduct fair tests and analyse the results of these tests. Learners pose questions, plan and conduct investigations into the environmental factors that affect the growth of living things. They gather, record and interpret observations relating to their investigations.

Learners consider human impact on the environment and how science knowledge can be used to inform personal and community decisions. They recommend actions to develop environments for native plants and animals

	HASS					
YEAR LEVEL	TERM 1	TERM 2	TERM 3	TERM 4		
	My Family History Inquiry question: What is my history and how do	I know?	My Special Places Inquiry question: What are places like and what	makes them special?		
PREP	 explore the nature and structure of fam identify their own personal history, part relationships examine diversity within their family an investigate familiar ways family and frie important to them recognise how stories of families and that represent past events 	ilies icularly their own family backgrounds and	In this unit, learners: draw on studies at the personal scale, that are familiar to them understand that a 'place' has features maps or globes recognise that what makes a 'place' spuse the place observe and represent the location and models examine sources to identify ways that	including places where they live or other places and a boundary that can be represented on secial depends on how people view the place or d features of places using pictorial maps and people care for special places as they are special to people reflect on learning		

My Changing Life

Inquiry question: How has my family and daily life changed over time? In this unit, learners:

- explore family structures and the roles of family members over time
- recognise events that happened in the past may be memorable or have personal significance
- identify and describe important dates and changes in their own lives
- compare aspects of their daily lives to aspects of daily life for people in their family in the past to identify similarities and differences
- respond to questions about the recent past
- sequence and describe events of personal significance using terms to describe the passing of time
- examine sources, such as images, objects and family stories, that have personal significance
- share stories about the past.

My Changing World

Inquiry question: What are the features of my local places and how have they changed? In this unit, learners:

- draw on studies at the personal and local scale, including familiar places, for example,
 the school, local park and local shops
- recognise that the features of places can be natural, managed or constructed
- identify and describe the natural, constructed and managed features of places
- examine the ways different groups of people, including Aboriginal peoples and Torres
 Strait Islander peoples, describe the weather and seasons of places
- represent local places using pictorial maps and describe local places using the language of direction and location
- respond to questions to find out about the features of places, the activities that occur in places and the care of places
- collect and record geographical data and information, such as observations and interviews to investigate a local place
- reflect on learning to respond to questions about how features of places can be cared for.

Present connections to places

Inquiry question: How are people connected to their place and other places? In this unit, learners:

- draw on representations of the world as geographical divisions and the location of Australia
- recognise that each place has a location on the surface of the Earth, which can be expressed using direction and location of one place from another
- identify examples of places that are defined at different levels or scales, such as, personal scale, local scale, regional scale, national scale or region-of-the-world scale
- understand that people are connected to their place and other places in Australia, the countries of Asia and other places across the world, and that these connections are influenced by purpose, distance and accessibility
- represent connections between places by constructing maps and using symbols
- examine geographical information and data to identify ways people, including
 Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people, are connected to places and factors that influence those connections
- respond with ideas about why significant places should be preserved and how people can act to preserve them.

Impacts of technology over time

Inquiry question: How have changes in technology shaped our daily life? In this unit, learners:

- investigate continuity and change in technology used in the home, for example, in toys
 or household products
- compare and contrast features of objects from the past and present
- sequence key developments in the use of a particular object in daily life over time
- pose questions about objects from the past and present
- describe ways technology has impacted on peoples' lives making them different from those of previous generations
- use information gathered for an investigation to develop a narrative about the past.

Our unique communities

Inquiry question: How do people contribute to their unique communities?

In this unit, learners:

- identify individuals, events and aspects of the past that have significance in the present
- identify and describe aspects of their community that have changed and remained the same over time
- explain how and why people participate in and contribute to their communities
- identify a point of view about the importance of different celebrations and commemorations to different groups
- pose questions and locate and collect information from sources, including observations to answer questions and draw simple conclusions
- sequence information about events and the lives of individuals in chronological order
- communicate their ideas, findings and conclusions in visual and written forms using simple discipline-specific terms.

Exploring places near and far

Inquiry question: How and why are places similar and different?

In this unit, learners:

- identify connections between people and the characteristics of places
- describe the diverse characteristics of different places at the local scale and explain the similarities and differences between the characteristics of these places
- interpret data to identify and describe simple distributions and draw simple conclusions
- record and represent data in different formats, including labelled maps using basic cartographic conventions.
- explain the role of rules in their community and share their views on an issue related to rule-making
- describe the importance of making decisions democratically and propose individual action in response to a democratic issue
- communicate their ideas, findings and conclusions in oral, visual and written forms using simple discipline-specific terms.

ſ		Early exploration and settlement		Sustainable use of places		
			torm offects of European cottlement?	Inquiry question: How can people use environments more sustainably?		
		In this unit, learners will:	Inquiry question: What were the short- and long-term effects of European settlement?		ents more sustamably?	
				In this unit, learners will:	us an Africa and Carolla Associa	
		explore the diversity of different groups within their local community		explore the concept of 'place' with a foci		
			I by aspects of culture, and by the groups to	describe the relative location of places a		
		which they belong		identify how places are characterised by		
		examine the purpose of laws and disting	uish between rules and laws	describe the characteristics of places, in	cluding the types of natural vegetation and	
				native animals		
		•	v events between the 1400s and the 1800s, and	examine the interconnections between r	people and environment and the importance of	
	YEAR 4	the history of Australia, including the reasons for the colonisation of Australia by the		environments to animals and people		
		British	British		On the office to difficults and people	
		 investigate the experiences of British explorers, convicts, settlers and Australia's first peoples, and the impact colonisation had on the lives of different groups of people analyse the experiences of contact between Australia's first peoples and others, and the effects these interactions had on people and the environment 		 identify the purpose of structures in the local community, such as local government, and the services these structures provide for people and places 		
				investigate how people use, and are influenced by, environments and how sustainability		
					at groups and involves careful use of resources	
				and management of waste	3	
		draw conclusions about how the identities	s and sense of belonging for Aboriginal and	•		
		Torres Strait Islander peoples in the past	t and present were and continue to be affected	recognise the knowledge and practices	of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander peoples	
		by British colonisation and the enactmen	t of law of terra nullius.	in regards to places and environments		
				 propose actions for caring for the enviro 	nment and meeting the needs of people.	
			Managing Avaduation communities	Communities in colonial Avetualia	Participation in Assetuation Communities	
		People and the environment	Managing Australian communities	Communities in colonial Australia	Participating in Australian Communities	
		Inquiry question: How do people and environments managed in Australian		(1800's)	Inquiry question: How have people enacted	
		environments influence one another?	communities?	Inquiry question: How have individuals and	their values and perceptions about their	
			In this unit, learners will investigate:	groups in the colonial past contributed to the	community, other people and places, past and	
		In this unit, learners will investigate:	 how places are affected by the 		present?	
			Tiow places are affected by the		procent:	

•	the characteristics of places in Europe and
	North America and the location of their
	major countries in relation to Australia

- the human and environmental factors that influence the characteristics of places and the interconnections between people and environments
- the impact of human actions on the environmental characteristics of places in two countries in Europe and North America

YEAR 5

- how to complete maps using cartographic conventions
- the language used to describe the relative location of places at a national scale
- how to represent and interpret data to identify simple patterns, trends, spatial distribution, infer relationships and draw conclusions.

interconnection between people, places and environments

- the influence of people on the human characteristics of places, including how the use of space within a place is organised
- how laws impact on the lives of people in the present
- the ways of living of Aboriginal peoples and Torres Strait Islander peoples, particularly in relation to land and resource management
- environmental challenges in the form of natural hazards
- ways in which people respond to a geographical challenge and the possible effects of actions.

development of Australia?

In this unit, learners will investigate:

- key events related to the development of British colonies in Australia after 1800
- the economic, political and social reasons for colonial developments in Australia after 1800
- aspects of daily life for different groups of people during the colonial period in Australia
- the effects that colonisation had on the lives of Aboriginal peoples and on the environment
- significant developments and events that impacted on the development of colonial Australia, including the gold rushes and inland exploration
- the significance of individuals and groups in shaping the colonies, especially through inland exploration.

In this unit, learners will investigate:

- the key values of Australia's liberal democratic system of government, particularly the values of freedom, equality, fairness and justice
- significant past developments, events, individuals and groups that impacted on the development law and democracy in Australia, particularly the Eureka Stockade and Peter Lalor
- representative democracy and voting processes in Australia
- how laws impacted on the lives of people in the past.

Australia in the past

Inquiry question: How have key figures, events and values shaped Australian society, its system of government and citizenship?

In this unit, learners:

- examine the key figures, events and ideas that led to Australia's Federation and Constitution
- recognise the contribution of individuals and groups to the development of Australian society since Federation
- investigate the key institutions, people and processes of Australia's democratic and legal system
- locate, collect and interpret information from primary sources
- sequence information about events and the lives of individuals in chronological order
- present ideas, findings, viewpoints and conclusions in a range of communication forms that incorporate source materials.

Australians as citizens

Inquiry question: What does it mean to be an Australian citizen?

How have experiences of democracy and citizenship differed between groups over time and place, including those from and in Asia?

In this unit, learners:

- recognise the responsibilities of electors and representatives in Australia's democracy
- consider the shared values, right and responsibilities of Australian citizenship and obligations that people may have as global citizens
- identify different points of view and solutions to an issue
- generate alternative responses to an issue, use criteria to make decisions and identify the advantages and disadvantages of preferring one decision over others
 examine continuities and changes in the experiences of Australian democracy and citizenship, including the status and rights of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Peoples, women and children
- investigate stories of groups of people who migrated to Australia since Federation
- sequence information about events and represent time by creating timelines
- present ideas, findings, viewpoints and conclusions in a range of communication forms that incorporate source materials.

Australia in a diverse world

Inquiry question: How do places, people and cultures differ across the world?

In this unit, learners:

- examine the geographical diversity of the Asia region and the location of its major countries in relation to Australia
- investigate differences in the economic, demographic and social characteristics of countries across the world
- consider the world's cultural diversity, including that of its indigenous peoples
- identify Australia's connections with other countries
- organise and represent data in large- and small-scale maps using appropriate conventions
- interpret data to identify, describe and compare distributions, patterns and trends in the diverse characteristics of places
- present ideas, findings, viewpoints and conclusions in a range of communication forms that incorporate source materials, mapping communication conventions and discipline-specific terms.

Making decisions to benefit my community

Inquiry question: How can resources be used to benefit individuals, the community and the environment?

In this unit, learners:

- investigate a familiar community or regional economics or business issue that may affect the individual or the local community
- examine how the concept of opportunity cost involves choices about the alternative use of resources and the need to consider trade-offs
- identify the effect that consumer and financial decisions can have on the individual, the broader community and the environment
- recognise the reasons businesses exist and the different ways they provide goods and services
- present ideas, findings, viewpoints and conclusions in a range of communication forms that incorporate source materials, communication conventions and disciplinespecific terms.

	TECHNOLOGIES – DIGITAL AND DESIGN				
YEAR LEVEL	TERM 1	TERM 2	TERM 3	TERM 4	
	Design - Grow, grow, grow				
	In this unit, learners will explore how plants and anim	als are grown for food, clothing and shelter and			
	how food is selected and prepared for healthy eating	. They will design solutions for a farm to enable			
	successful food and fibre production and make a food	product from garden produce.			
PREP	Learners will apply processes and production skills, in	:			
	investigating how food and fibre are grown to me	et human needs			
	generating and developing design ideas for a fur	ctional growing environment			
	producing a simple drawing that represents their	design			
	evaluating their design and presentation process	es, using personal preferences			
	collaborating by working with others and managi	ng by following sequenced steps for the project.			
			Design - It's Showtime		
			In this unit, learners will explore the characteristics and pr	operties of materials and components that	
			are used to produce designed solutions. They will design	and make a puppet with moving parts to	
			use in a puppet show.		
YEAR 1			Learners will apply processes and production skills, in:		
			investigating materials, technologies for shaping and	joining, and how designs meet	
			people's needs		
			generating and developing design ideas		
			producing a puppet that meets the design brief		
			evaluating their design and production processes		
			 collaborating and managing by working with others a project. 	and by sequencing the steps for the	
	Design: Engineering principles and systems: Spin	it!	Digital: Computers: Handy helpers		
	In this unit, learners will explore how technologies use	forces to create movement in products. They	In this unit learners will learn and apply Digital Technologi	es knowledge and skills. They	
	will design and make a spinning toy for a small child the	nat is fun and easy to use. Suggestions for	will:		
	alternate projects are also described. Learners will ap		Explore how digital and information systems are use	d for particular purposes in daily life	
	investigating spinning toys from around the world	I, and analysing how they are made and how	collect, explore and sort familiar data and use digital	systems to present the data	

	they work	creatively to convey meaning
YEAR 2	 generating and developing design ideas, and communicating these using simple drawings producing a functional product that appeals to the client 	 describe and represent a sequence of steps and decisions (algorithms) to solve simple problems in non-digital and digital contexts
	 evaluating their design and production processes collaborating and managing by working with others and by sequencing the steps for the project. 	 develop foundational skills in systems and computational thinking, applying strategies such as exploring patterns, developing logical steps and hiding unnecessary information, when solving simple problems
		work independently and with others to create and organise ideas and information, and share these with known people in safe online environments.

	Design: What's for Lunch?	Digital Technology: What digital systems do you	use?
	In this unit, learners investigate food and fibre production and food technologies used in modern	In this unit learners will explore and use a range of di	gital systems including peripheral devices and create
	and traditional societies. They design and make a lunch item that includes modern and	a digital solution (an interactive guessing game) using	g a visual programming language. They will:
	traditional technologies. They explore how people in different times developed food and fibre	identify and explore a range of digital systems a	nd their use to meet needs at home, in school and in
	technologies to meet human needs.	the local community, and use a range of periphe	
	Learners apply processes and production skills, including:	define simple problems and identify needs	
	investigating by:	develop technical skills in using a visual program	nming language to create a digital solution
	 exploring traditional food and fibre production and food technologies 	describe follow and apply a sequence of steps:	and decisions (algorithms) in non-digital contexts
	 identifying contemporary technologies for growing food and fibre and preserving and preparing foods 	and when using a visual programming language	, , , , ,
YEAR 3	generating, developing and communicating design ideas for a food product	implement a simple digital solution that involves	branching algorithms and user input when creating
TEAN 3	producing by working safely with equipment and ingredients to create a food product	a simple guessing game	
	evaluating design ideas and processes for the product	explain how their solutions and existing informat	ion systems, such as learning software, meet
	collaborating as well as working individually throughout the design and production	personal, school and community needs	
	process	develop skills in computational and systems thin	king when solving simple problems and creating
	managing by sequencing production steps.	solutions.	
		Design: Pinball Paradise	Digital: What's your waste footprint?
		In this unit, learners investigate how forces and the properties of materials affect the behaviour of a product or system. They make a pinball machine and design an environment for its use. They explore the role of people in engineering technology occupations and how they meet client needs.	In this unit learners explore and manipulate different types of data and transform data into information. They create a digital solution that presents data as meaningful information to address a school or community issue. They will: • recognise different types of data and
YEAR 4		Learners apply processes and production skills, including: • investigating by:	represent the same data in different ways collect, access and present data as information using simple software (such as spreadsheets)
		 exploring games with moving parts 	explore and describe how a range of
		 testing materials, tools and techniques 	common information systems present data
		exploring techniques for shaping and joining	as information to meet personal, school and community needs
		materials and creating mechanisms generating, developing and communicating design ideas	

	for:	problems plan, create and communicate ideas and information independently and with others, applying agreed ethical and social protocols explain how existing information systems me personal, school and community needs.
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YEAR 5	In this unit learners engage in a number of activities, including: investigating the functions and interactions of digital components and data transmission in simple networks, as they solve problems relating to digital systems following, modifying and designing algorithms that include branching and repetition developing skills in using a visual programming language within a maze game context working collaboratively to create a new maze game. Learners will apply a range of skills and processes when creating digital solutions. They will: define problems by identifying appropriate data and functional requirements design a user interface, considering design principles follow, modify and design algorithms using simple statements, relating particular programming language statements (steps and decisions) to actions in the game implement their game using visual programming evaluate how well their solutions meet needs plan, create and communicate ideas within a collaborative project, and apply agreed protocols when negotiating, providing feedback developing plans and sharing online.	• Managing by developing project plans that include resources

Digital: A-maze-ing digital designs

Design: Design for nature

Digital: Data changing our world

In this unit learners will investigate how information systems meet local and community needs and will create a spreadsheet solution.

Learning opportunities will include:

- exploring how community organisations collect data and present information to meet community needs
- visualising data to create information that is easily understood
- creating a data-driven solution that processes user input to provide information about a reading challenge.

Learners will apply a range of skills and processes when creating digital solutions. They will:

- explore information systems, including systems that deliver community information, and explain how they meet needs
- examine how digital information systems use whole numbers to represent all data
- collect, manage and analyse data using a range of software (such as spreadsheets)
- interpret and visualise data to create information
- define problems by considering the need, the required data, the audience and what features need to be included
- implement a digital solution to solve a defined problem
- apply technical protocols such as devising meaningful file naming conventions and determining safe storage locations to protect data and represent information in ethical ways.

Design: Engineering principles and systems: Hands off

In this unit, learners will investigate how electrical energy can control movement, sound or light in a designed product or system.

They will design a solution to an environment's security need and make an electrical device that is part of the solution.

- They will examine the role of people in engineering technology occupations in developing solutions for current and future use.
- Learners will apply the following processes and production skills:
- Investigating by:
- o the analysis of technologies applied in security systems
- the testing of circuits and devices that control movement, sound or light
- Generating and documenting design ideas for securing environments using technical terms and graphical representation techniques
- Producing a functional device by safely using materials, components, tools and techniques
- Evaluating design ideas, processes and solutions against negotiated criteria for success including sustainability
- Collaborating as well as working individually throughout the process
- Managing by developing project plans that include resources.

	THE ARTS – DRAMA, DANCE, VISUAL, MEDIA							
YEAR LEVEL	TERM 1	TERM 2	TERM 3	TERM 4				
	In this unit, learners make and respond to		In this unit, learners will create	In this unit, learners create new stories in artworks by collaging characters, objects and landscapes from different artworks.				

Visual Arts: What are you Thinking?

In this unit, learners explore how changes in facial features, style and form communicate emotion in portraiture.

earners will:

YFAR 1

- explore the visual language of portraiture in artworks by a range of artists, including Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander peoples and Asian artists and use this to develop their own artworks
- experiment with visual conventions (drawing, photography) and observation to create selfportraits to communicate emotion
- display artworks and share ideas about emotive visual language choices they made in their artworks
- describe and interpret emotion in selfportraiture.

Dance : Cultural dance

by exploring dance from other countries and cultural groups as stimulus.

earners will.

- explore, improvise and organise ideas by exploring dances from countries/cultural groups (as appropriate) to develop their own dance sequences, using the elements of dance (space, time, dynamics, relationships)
- use fundamental movement skills to develop technical skills when practising dance sequences from other countries/communities
- present dance sequences that communicate new dance ideas to an audience
- respond to dances from a range of countries/communities, considering where and why people dance, including dances of Aboriginal Peoples, Torres Strait Islander Peoples and Asian peoples.

Media Arts: Safe and sound

In this unit, learners make and respond to dance In this unit, learners will create representations of characters and settings to deliver community safety methods using media art forms.

earners will:

- explore representations of character through digital forms and presentations of self in media art forms
- experiment with images, sound and text
- present representations in digital or print form to communicate ideas through posters
- describe and discuss the representation of character and safety messages in the work of other students and artists, starting with media from Australia, including media artworks of Aboriginal peoples and Torres Strait Islander peoples to respond to meaning and visual language.

Drama: Poetry alive	Dance: Dancing characters	Media Arts: Look Again	Visual Arts: Reinventing objects
In this unit, learners make and respond to drama by exploring ways that ideas in	In this unit, learners make and respond to dance by exploring characters in stories and	In this unit, learners explore manipulation and representation of self.	In this unit, learners explore processes of invention and imagination through found object
poetry can be a stimulus for dramatic action.	rhymes as stimulus.	 explore self-portrait representations which change reality and the ability of technology to manipulate and present new realities experiment with manipulation of still or moving images to present alternate character representations (costume and props; special effects or video effects) present manipulated images in digital or print form to share understanding of generational relationships describe and discuss what is real and not real in digitally manipulated images in the work of other learners and artists, starting with media from Australia, 	sculpture, drawing and collage to communicate meaning and represent new ideas about change and recycling. Learners will: • explore imaginative artworks created from found objects by artists including Aborigina Torres Strait Islander and Asian artists, and use this as inspiration to develop their own artworks • experiment with visual conventions (sculpture, collage, assemblage) to create artworks drawn from imaginative interpretations of real events and experiences • display artworks and share ideas about visual language choices made in artworks capture imagination
		, ,	

YFAR	3

Dance: Celebrating dance

In this unit, learners make and respond to dance by exploring dance used in celebrations from a range of cultures.

I earners will

- improvise and structure movement ideas for dance sequences suitable for celebrations using the elements of dance and choreographic devices
- practise technical skills safely in fundamental movements
- perform dances using expressive skills to communicate ideas about celebrations and commemorations
- identify how the elements of dance and production elements express ideas in dance for celebrations including dance by Aboriginal peoples, Torres Strait Islander peoples and Asian peoples.

Visual Arts: Tiny Worlds

In this unit, learners explore the communication of diversity in environments through the manipulation of visual language.

Learners will:

- explore and identify purpose and meaning of cultural symbolism in artworks by Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander peoples and Asian artists to communicate relationships to environments and places
- experiment with visual conventions and visual language to depict personal responses and qualities of environments (printmaking techniques, colour relationships – warm/cool; application of materials - harsh/gentle; spatial devices – flattened space/aerial perspective/ depth)
- collaborate, plan and create a collection/ exhibition of artworks to depict diversity in Australian environments and diversity in individual approach
- compare contemporary artworks of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander peoples and Australian artists that communicate personal experience with environments and natural landforms and use art terminology to communicate meaning.

Media Arts: Poetry in motion

In this unit, learners create a character. animation to deliver an audio recording of a short, humorous poem. Students will explore representations of people from their community to develop animated characters considering animated forms, mouth shapes, facial expressions, character development. composition, text and sound in media delivery to engage audience. They experiment with media technology, collaborative processes (script, storyboard, photograph and edit as a slideshow) to create a lip-synched animation. Productions will be shared in digital form. Learners discuss similarities and differences in content, structure and animation approaches. Students describe and discuss intended purposes and meanings of media artworks using media arts key concepts.

Visual Arts: Meaning in found objects

In this unit, learners will explore the communication of cultural meaning through found objects and surface manipulation. They will make, display and discuss their own and others' artworks.

Learners will:

 explore visual conventions (plastercast relief sculpture, mixed media, mould making, found objects, surface manipulation)

- represent ideas (display / art conversations / reflections) • compare artworks and use art terminology to communicate meaning
- explore artworks from Aboriginal artists and Torres Strait Islander artists which represent the land through symbolic pattern

Media Arts: On the Cover

In this unit, learners explore magazine cover design through representation and characterisation of people in their community, including themselves and compare the digitisation of magazines on the internet.

Learners will:

- explore genre conventions in paper magazine cover design and devise representations of classmates to depict specific characterisations, settings and ideas
- experiment with design (layout, text, colour, image composition) and media technologies (desktop publishing, photography, image manipulation) to appeal to a target audience
- present productions in digital or print form to share and discuss similarities and differences in content, structure and design approaches
- describe and discuss intended purposes and audience of print and online media artworks using media arts key concepts, starting with media artworks from Australia, including media artworks of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Peoples.

Dance: Dance messages

In this unit, learners make and respond to dance by exploring how dance is used to represent stories.

Learners will:

- improvise and structure movement ideas for dance sequences that represent a story using the elements of dance and choreographic devices
- practise technical skills safely in fundamental movements
- perform dances using expressive skills to represent a story
- identify how the elements of dance and production elements represent ideas about stories in dance including those of Aboriginal peoples, Torres Strait Islander peoples and Asian peoples

Drama: Exploring issues through drama

In this unit, learners will make and respond to drama by investigating ways that issues and ideas about the world can be explored and expressed through drama.

Learners will:

- explore ideas and narrative structures through roles and situations and use empathy in their own improvisations and devised drama around an issue
- use voice, body, movement and language to sustain role and relationships and create dramatic action with a sense of time and place in an issues-based drama
- shape and perform dramatic action around an issue using narrative structures and tension in devised and scripted drama, including exploration of Aboriginal drama and Torres Strait Islander drama
- identify intended purposes and meaning of drama, starting with Australian drama, including drama of Aboriginal peoples and Torres Strait Islander peoples, using the elements of drama to make comparisons.

Dance: Adventures in dance

In this unit, learners make and respond to dance by exploring ways that dance can be used to express adventure stories drawing on stimulus from movement contexts including martial arts, acrobatics, sport, exercise and other cultural forms.

Learners will:

 explore movement and choreographic devices, using the elements of dance to choreograph dances that communicate meaning in adventure stories

YEAR 5

- develop technical and expressive skills in fundamental movements including body control, accuracy, alignment, strength, balance and coordination
- perform dance using expressive skills to communicate a choreographer's ideas about an adventure story
- explain how the elements of dance and production elements communicate meaning and use a range of movement styles/forms by comparing dances from different social, cultural and historical contexts.

Visual Arts: Say it with art

In this unit, learners explore recontextualisation of objects and non-traditional art materials to communicate ideas. This unit complements the concepts taught in Geography by exploring how artists express cultural context, social concern, environmental and/or political issues in artworks.

Learners will:

- explore and explain the expression of social commentary and the influence of context in artworks by artists including Aboriginal, Torres Strait Islander and Asian artists and consider this in the development of their own artworks
- experiment with and use visual conventions and practices (found object mixed media forms, digital collage, digital manipulation) in research and development of individual artworks which express a personal view
- plan the presentation of digital art forms and/or found object mixed media forms to express personal view and enhance meaning for audience with description of influence and context

Media Arts: Light and shadow

In this unit, learners explore light and shadow in media art forms to create representations and meaning for an audience.

Learners will:

- explore how media artists control form, light and shadow to suggest ideas and point of view about an aspect of their community
- experiment with media technology and collaborative production processes (film, photography, editing, lighting, video and special effects, sound and text) to create an aesthetic media arts production
- present productions in digital form to share and discuss similarities and differences in story principles, point of view, genre conventions, movement and lighting
- explain how the elements of media arts and story principles communicate meaning through exploration of media artworks from Australia, including media artworks of Aboriginal peoples and Torres Strait Islander peoples.

compare recontextualisation of	
ready-mades and the	
representation of context in	
artworks from different cultures,	
times and places and use art	
terminology to explain the	
communication of social concern.	

Drama Documentary - What's the story?

In this unit, learners create a documentary style film to tell the personal story of someone in the school community.

Learners will:

- explore the use of documentary codes and conventions to tell a story, depict a character, enhance representation and point of view
- experiment with media technology and collaborative production processes (script, storyboard, film, photography, editing, lighting, sound and text) to create mood and atmosphere and communicate point of view
- present productions in digital form to share and discuss similarities and differences in story principles, point of view, genre conventions, mood and lighting
- compare and explain the shaping of viewpoint, ideas and stories in their own media artwork and that of others, examining representation of culture, time and place in media artworks from Australia, including media artworks of Aboriginal peoples and Torres Strait Islander peoples.

Visual Arts :The animal within

In this unit, students will focus on representation of animals as companion, metaphor, totem and predator.

Drama: Natural disasters

In this unit, learners make and respond to drama exploring the impact of natural disasters on communities including stories and accounts as stimulus.

Learners will:

- explore dramatic action, empathy and space in improvisations, play-building and scripted drama to develop characters and situations in response to stimulus of natural disasters
- develop skills and techniques of voice and movement to create character, mood and atmosphere and focus dramatic action
- rehearse and perform devised and scripted drama that develops narrative, drives dramatic tension, and uses dramatic symbol, performance styles and design elements to share community and cultural stories about the impact of natural disasters and engage an audience
- explain and compare how the elements of drama and production elements communicate meaning in drama about the impact of events (including natural disasters) in different communities.

Dance: Symmetry and dance

In this unit, learners make and respond to dance by exploring symmetry as stimulus.

Learners will:

- explore movement and choreographic devices, using the elements of dance to structure dances that express ideas about symmetry including individual shapes and group formations
- develop technical and expressive skills in fundamental movements including body control, accuracy, alignment, strength, balance and coordination
- perform dance using expressive skills to communicate a choreographer's ideas on symmetry
- explain how the elements of dance and production elements communicate ideas about symmetry by comparing dances from different social, cultural and historical contexts.

			SPECIALIST LESSONS – CHINI	ESE, HPE, MUSIC	
YEAR LEVEL	SUBJECT	TERM 1	TERM 2	TERM 3	TERM 4
	MUSIC	Beat and Rhythm		Let's Sing and Play Together – Unit 1 links	with English Unit 3 – Interacting with Others
Prep		In this unit, learners explore the use of behand held percussion instruments.	peat and rhythm with body percussion and	In this unit, learners explore rhymes and song responding.	s as stimulus for music making and
гтер	PE	Perceptual Motor Program		Perceptual Motor Program	
		In this unit, learners practice fundamental	movement skills and movement sequences	In this unit, learners practice fundamental mo	vement skills and movement sequences using
		using different body parts. Cooperate with	n others when participating in physical	different body parts. They will learn to cooper	rate with others when participating in physical
		activities. Follow rules when participating	in physical activities	activities and Follow rules when participating	in physical activities
	HEALTH	Safety	Social Skills	My Body	Social Skills
		In the unit, learners will identify people and demonstrate protective behaviours and other actions that help keep themselves safe and healthy.	In the unit, learners practise personal and social skills to interact positively with others. They will identify and describe emotional responses people may experience in different situations. Dance Learners will practice movement sequences using different body parts.	In this unit, learners will name part of the body and describe how their body is growing and changing. They will be able to identify person strengths that they develop over time.	In this unit, learners will build on concepts learnt in term 2. They will practise personal and social skills to interact positively with others. They will be able to identify and describe emotional responses people may experience in different situations. Learners will participate in play that promotes engagement with outdoor settings and the natural environment.
	MUSIC	Sound and Silence		Different Places – Unit 3 Matches HSS Inqui	ry – What are the features of my local
		In this unit, learners explore the musical	notion of silence for making and	places and how have they changed?	
		responding.		In this unit, learners explore a range of songs	rhymes and chants based on the theme of
V 4				different places, including their personal, fami	liar world, people and places far away, weather,
Year 1				seasons, landscapes and the built environment as stimuli for music making and responding.	
	PE	Water Familiarisation and Safety -Per	rceptual Motor Program & Introduction	Modified Games -Perceptual Motor Progra	m & Water Familiarisation and Safety
		to Athletics		In this unit, learners will perform fundamental movement skills in a variety of movement	
		Learners will perform fundamental move	ement skills in a variety of movement	sequences and situations while participating	in games with and without equipment.
		sequences and situations and participat	te in games with and without equipment.	Learners will learn to use strategies to work i	n-group situations when participating in
		They will use strategies to work in-group	p situations when participating in physical	physical activities as well as identify rules and	d fair play.

		activities. They will learn to incorporate e	lements of effort, space, time, objects		
		and people in performing simple movement	ent sequences		
	HEALTH		Feelings and strengths and identity	Good Choices, Healthy Me	
			In this unit, learners recognise	In this unit, learners will examine health	
			similarities and differences in individuals	messages related to the health benefits of	
			and groups, and recognise how	physical activity, nutritious dietary intake and	
			strengths and achievements contribute	maintaining good personal hygiene habits to	
			to identity. Learners identify and practise	help them stay healthy. Learners will describe	
			emotional responses that reflect their	how to keep themselves and others healthy	
			own and others' feelings. They examine	in different situations.	
			and demonstrate ways to include others		
			in activities, and practise strategies to		
			help them and others feel that they		
			belong.		
	MUSIC	Purely Pentatonic		Save the World – Unit 2 Matches Science Un	ı it 4 – Save Planet Earth
V 0		In this unit, learners create and perform u	sing the pentatonic scale.	In this unit, learners explore a range of songs, Earth's resources and how they can be used a	
Year 2	PE	Water Familiarisation and Safety, Perc	ceptual Motor Program & Introduction	Modified Games, Perceptual Motor Progra	m & Introduction to Athletics
		to Athletics		Throughout this semester, learners will perfor	m fundamental movement skills in a variety of
		Throughout this semester, learners will p	erform fundamental movement skills in a	movement sequences and situations while pa	rticipating in games with and without
		variety of movement sequences and situ	ations while participating in games with	equipment. They will use strategies to work in	-group situations when participating in
		and without equipment. They will use stra	ategies to work in-group situations when	physical activities. Learners will discuss the b	ody's reactions to participating in exercise.
		participating in physical activities. They w	vill Incorporate elements of effort, space,		
		time, objects and people in performing si	mple movement sequences		
	HEALTH			Our Culture	
				In this unit, learners explore what shapes	
				their own, their family and classroom's	
				and dwif, their fairing and classicom's	

				identity. They will examine strengths and achievements in individual and groups and ways to include others to make them feel they belong. Learners will explore the importance of celebrating who they are and respecting each other's differences.	
	MUSIC		1 Matches HSS Inquiry – How do people pond to music, exploring the songs used m a range of cultures including music for	Om Pah Pah In this unit, learners explore the repertoire of n respond to music in this time.	nusic in 3 metre and how to compose and
Year 3	PE	Water Safety and Stroke Development In this unit, learners will practise and refine fundamental movement skills in a variety of movement sequences and situations while combining elements of effort, space, time, objects and people when performing movement sequences while in the pool.	This term learners practise and refine fundamental movement skills in a variety of movement sequences and situations. They will practise and apply movement concepts and strategies with and without equipment. Learners will be able to combine elements of effort, space, time,	performing movement sequences. Learners will	movement sequences and situations as well as combine elements of effort, space, time, objects and people when performing movement

HEAL	LTH			strat can unsa	is unit, learners describe and apply egies that can be used in situations that make them feel more comfortable or afe. They will identify and practice strategies comote health, safety and wellbeing. As well	
				as ir	vestigate how emotional responses vary in	
				dept	h and strength.	
CHIN	NESE	My place and your place		A	day in a Chinese school	
		Learners use language to explore the con	cept of housing in Chinese-speaking	Lea	arners use language to explore the concept	of school life in Chinese-speaking cultures and
		cultures and make connections with learn	ers' own personal spaces within a home.	ma	ke connections with own school experience	s. Learners will:
		Learners:		•	engage with texts about school experience	es in Chinese-speaking cultures
		share information about aspects of the hadronny	eir personal spaces (such as their	•	use a range of language to discuss school	experiences
		bedroom)		•		nguage relating to pronunciation and Chinese
		 use a range of language to discuss an 	nd describe aspects of housing		sentence structure	
		 analyse and understand the systems script recognition 	of language relating to pronunciation and	•	participate in intercultural experiences to n culture associated with school experiences	otice, compare and reflect on language and s.

	MUSIC	Songs of Australia – C2C Unit 2 Matche	es HASS Inquiry – What were the short	Lyrics and Limericks		
		and long term effects of European settler	ment?	In this unit, learners explore and compose mu	sic in compound time using the limerick form.	
		In this unit, learners make and respond to	music exploring songs from Aboriginal			
		peoples and Torres Strait Islander people	es, and songs from the arrival of the First			
		Fleet in Australia.				
	CHINESE	My place and your place		A day in a Chinese school		
	OT III VEGE	Learners use language to explore the cor	ncept of housing in Chinese-speaking	_	t of school life in Chinese-speaking cultures and	
		cultures and make connections with learn		make connections with own school experienc	, ,	
		Learners:		·		
Year 4				engage with texts about school experience		
I Cai 4		·	neir personal spaces(e.g. their bedroom)	use a range of language to discuss school	·	
	 use a range of language to discuss and describe aspects of housing analyse and understand the systems of language relating to pronunciation and script recognition 			 analyse and understand the systems of la sentence structure participate in interculti 	anguage relating to pronunciation and Chinese	
			reflect on language and culture associated with school experiences			
	PE	Flippaball	Athletics	Tennis & Indigenous Games	Lifesaving	
		In this unit learners adopt inclusive	In the unit, learners will practise and refine	In the unit, learners apply basic rules and	In the unit, learners, practise and apply	
		practices when participating in physical	fundamental movement skills in a variety	scoring systems, and demonstrate fair play	movement concepts and strategies with and	
		activities in the pool. Learners will apply	of movement sequences, situations and	when participating in physical activities.	without equipment. They will apply innovative	
		basic rules and scoring systems, and	strategies with and without equipment.	Learners will participate in physical activities	and creative thinking in solving movement	
		demonstrate fair play when participating in		from their own and other cultures	challenges while participating in physical	
		flippaball.			activities from their own and other cultures.	
	HEALTH				Explore how success challenge and	
					failure strengthen identities	
					 Explore strategies to manage physical, social and emotional change. 	
					Discuss and interpret health information and massage in media.	

	MUSIC	Calypso Chaos		Going to the Movies – Unit 1 Matches Englis	h Unit 6 – Exploring narrative through
		In this unit, learners perform and respond	I to the music of the Caribbean and	novels and film.	
	explore its historical influences.			In this unit, learners make and respond to mus and music that appears in film.	sic exploring pieces of music that tell a story,
	PE	Flippaball	Athletics	Netball & Indigenous Games	Lifesaving
		In this unit, learners practise specialised	In this unit, learners will participate in	Through the unit, learners will practise	Throughout this unit, learners will apply critical
		movement skills and apply them in a	physical activities designed to enhance	specialised movement skills and apply them in	and creative thinking processes in order to
		variety of movement sequences and	fitness, and discuss the impact regular	a variety of movement sequences and	generate and assess solutions to movement
		situations within the pool. They participate	participation can have on health and	situations. They will participate positively in	challenges while learning about water safety.
V 5		positively in groups and teams by	wellbeing. They will manipulate and	groups and teams by encouraging others and	Learners will manipulate and modify elements
Year 5		encouraging others and negotiating roles	modify elements of effort, space, time,	negotiating roles and responsibilities. Learners	of effort, space, time, objects and people to
		and responsibilities. Learners will	objects and people to perform movement	will demonstrate ethical behaviour and fair play	perform movement sequences.
		demonstrate ethical behaviour and fair	sequences within the context of athletics.	that aligns with rules when participating in	· ·
		play that aligns with rules when		physical activities from their own and others'	
		participating in a range of physical		cultures, and examine how involvement creates	
		activities.		community connections and intercultural	
				understanding.	
	HEALTH		Examine how identities are		
			influenced by people and places		
			 Investigate community resources 		
			and ways to seek help about health,		
			safety and wellbeing.		
			Salety and wellbeing.		
	CHINESE	What do my interests say about me?"		What is character?"	
		Learners use language to communicate i	deas relating to interests, activities and	Learners explore the concept of character as reflected in traits and qualities of real people	
		personality traits.		and imaginative characters in Chinese-speakir	ng cultures and Australia. Learners will:
		Learners:		use Chinese to discuss qualities of people	they admire
		discuss leisure activities and interest	sts	encounter authentic language in a range counter.	of spoken and written texts about a variety of
		identify borrowed words used to dis	scuss interests	imaginary characters	

	understand how language reflects roles and relationships.			respond to imaginative texts and identify qualities in imaginative characters	
				 reflect on intercultural experiences noticing similarities and differences in perspectives personal qualities. 	
	MUSIC	Around the World with Music - Unit 2 Matches HSS Inquiry – Australia in the past / Australians as citizens. In this unit, learners make and respond to music, exploring the music making of other cultures through their music journal. Athletics		The Graduates In this unit, the learners reflect on the elements of music through their own musical journey through primary school. Netball & Indigenous Games Lifesaving	
Year 6		In this unit, learners practise specialised movement skills and apply them in a variety of movement sequences and situations while in the pool. Learners participate positively in groups and teams by encouraging others and negotiating	In this unit, learners participate in physical activities designed to enhance fitness, and discuss the impact regular participation can have on health and wellbeing. Learners will manipulate and modify elements of effort, space, time, objects and people to perform movement sequences to perfect skills within athletics.	In this unit, learners practise specialised movement skills and apply them in a variety of movement sequences and situations. They participate positively in groups and teams by encouraging others and negotiating roles and responsibilities. Learners will demonstrate ethical behaviour and fair play that aligns with	Within this unit, learners apply critical and creative thinking processes in order to generate and assess solutions to movement challenges while learning about water safety. Participate in physical activities from their own and others' cultures, and examine how involvement creates community connections and intercultural understanding. Learners will manipulate and modify elements of effort, space, time, objects and people to perform movement sequences while learning water safety.
	HEALTH	 Examine the influence of emotional responses vary in depth and strength Recognise how media and important people in community influence personal attitudes, beliefs 			

• Plan a	sions and behaviours.		
promo wellbe	and practise strategies to note health, safety and being.		
health health	stigate the role of preventive th in promoting and maintaining th, safety and wellbeing for riduals and their communities		
CHINESE What do my	ny interests say about me?	What is character?	
Learners us	ise language to communicate ideas relating to interests, activities and	Learners explore the concept of character as reflected in traits and qualities of real people	
personality t	y traits.	and imaginative characters in Chinese-speaking cultures and Australia.	
Learners:		Learners:	
• disa	iscuss leisure activities and interests	use Chinese to discuss qualities of people they admire	
• ide	lentify borrowed words used to discuss interests	encounter authentic language in a range of spoken and written texts about a	
• unc	nderstand how language reflects roles and relationships.	variety of imaginary characters	
		respond to imaginative texts and identify qualities in imaginative characters	
		reflect on intercultural experiences noticing similarities and differences in	
		perspectives on personal qualities.	
Learners use personality to Learners: • disco	ise language to communicate ideas relating to interests, activities and y traits. iscuss leisure activities and interests dentify borrowed words used to discuss interests	Learners explore the concept of character as reflected in traits and qualities of real and imaginative characters in Chinese-speaking cultures and Australia. Learners: use Chinese to discuss qualities of people they admire encounter authentic language in a range of spoken and written texts abou variety of imaginary characters respond to imaginative texts and identify qualities in imaginative character reflect on intercultural experiences noticing similarities and differences in	ut a